What is Substance Use?

Substance use is the excessive consumption or misuse of a substance for the sake of its nontherapeutic effects on the mind or body, especially drugs or alcohol.

Symptoms to look for:

Possible signs of substance use

• Behavioral Changes: agitation, fits of violence or anger, paranoia or depression, apathy, forgetfulness, sudden need for money, lying

• Physical Changes: any dramatic increase or decrease in weight, poor coordination, tremors, scent of substance, insomnia or hypersomnia

• Social Changes: will withdraw from friends and family, suddenly socialize with those significantly younger or older

Best Practices

Current research-based best practices tend to merge the biopsychosocial, theoretical perspective of addictive disorders. This includes supportive counseling, motivating client readiness for change and coping-skills training techniques. The goals of treatment are:

• To establish and maintain abstinence from the illicit use of all psychoactive drugs;
• To foster development of (non-chemical) coping and problem-solving skills;
• To stop and ultimately eliminate impulses to “self-medicate” with psychoactive drugs; and
• To enhance and sustain client motivation for change.

Screening Tools/Resources

Screening Tools:
- Screening for Drug Use in General Medical Settings (Quick Reference Guide)
- Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ)

Resources:
- National Institute of Drug Abuse
drugabuse.gov
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
samhsa.gov
- Cenpatico
cenpatico.com

cenpatico.com
Have questions? Call us at 1.800.589.3186